六年级上册

第3版

课课练
小学英语

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Contents

Unit 1
The king's new clothes

重点单词

magic 有魔力的，神奇的	clever 聪明的	foolish 愚蠢的
through 穿过	each 每个	sentence 句子
quick 迅速的，快的	think 想，思考	hard 努力地，费劲地
laugh 笑，大笑	wear 穿	say 说
tell 讲，叙述	start 开始	little 小的，年幼的
next 下一个	turn 机会	child 孩子

重点词组

long long ago 很久以前	turn into 变成
try on 试穿	walk through 步行穿过
point at 指向	fit well 合身
the next sentence 下一句	think hard 努力思考
each student 每个学生	move away 移走，搬走
work hard 辛苦地劳动	laugh at 嘲笑
in his new clothes 穿着他的新衣服	tell a story 讲个故事
have to start 不得不开始	visit him 拜访他
live behind two mountains 住在两座大山的背面	
children and grandchildren 子子孙孙	

重点句子

1 Long long ago, there was a king. 很久很久以前有一个国王。
2 There were a lot of people in the street. 街上有许多人。
3 The king was happy. 国王很开心。
4 The king liked new clothes. 国王喜欢新衣服。
5 One day, two men visited the king. 一天，两个人拜见了国王。
6 The king walked through the city in his new clothes. 国王穿着他的新衣服穿过整个城市。
7 They looked at the king and shouted. 他们看着国王并且大声叫喊。
8 A little boy pointed at the king and laughed. 一个小男孩指着国王大笑。
9 The old man told the boy a story. 那个老人给小男孩讲了一个故事。

Unit 1 单元知识梳理

语法点拨

1 一般过去时的用法：

（1）含义：表示在过去发生的动作或存在的状态。

（2）常见时间状语有 just now、one day、yesterday、yesterday morning/afternoon/evening、last night/week/month/spring/year、two days/a week/three years/long long ago、in 1999/2018 等。

（3）动词过去式的变化规则：

① 一般动词后直接加 -ed，如：laugh → laugh<u>ed</u>；

② 以不发音的 e 结尾的动词，直接加 -d，如：like → like<u>d</u>；

③ 以辅音字母加 y 结尾的动词，去 y，再加 -ied，如：try → tr<u>ied</u>；

④ 以一个辅音字母结尾的重读闭音节动词，双写最后一个辅音字母，再加 -ed，如：stop → stopp<u>ed</u>。

（4）be 动词的过去式：am/is → was，are → were。

（5）动词过去式 ed 的发音规则：

① 清辅音后的 ed 读 /t/，如：walk<u>ed</u>；

② 浊辅音和元音后的 ed 读 /d/，如：show<u>ed</u>；

③ t，d 后的 ed 读 /ɪd/，如：point<u>ed</u>。

2 wear 和 put on 的用法区别：

（1）wear 指穿着的状态。如：

The man always wears a blue shirt. 那人总是穿着一件蓝色衬衫。

（2）put on 强调穿的动作。如：

It's cold. Put on your jacket, dear. 天冷了。亲爱的，穿上你的夹克。

3 child 的复数形式是 children。

认识语音

1 字母组合 ar 在单词中读音为 /ɑː/ 的常见例词有 farm、car、large、park、garden、start、arm、party、hard、Art、card 等；

2 字母组合 ar 的其他读音例词有 warm、popular 等。

话题表达

运用一般过去时描述配图小故事：

1 按时间、地点、人物或事情发展顺序描述；

2 对场景或状态描述时，句型常用"There was/were ..."；

3 对行为、动作描述时，句型结构常用"主语 + 动词过去式 + ..."。

文化之窗

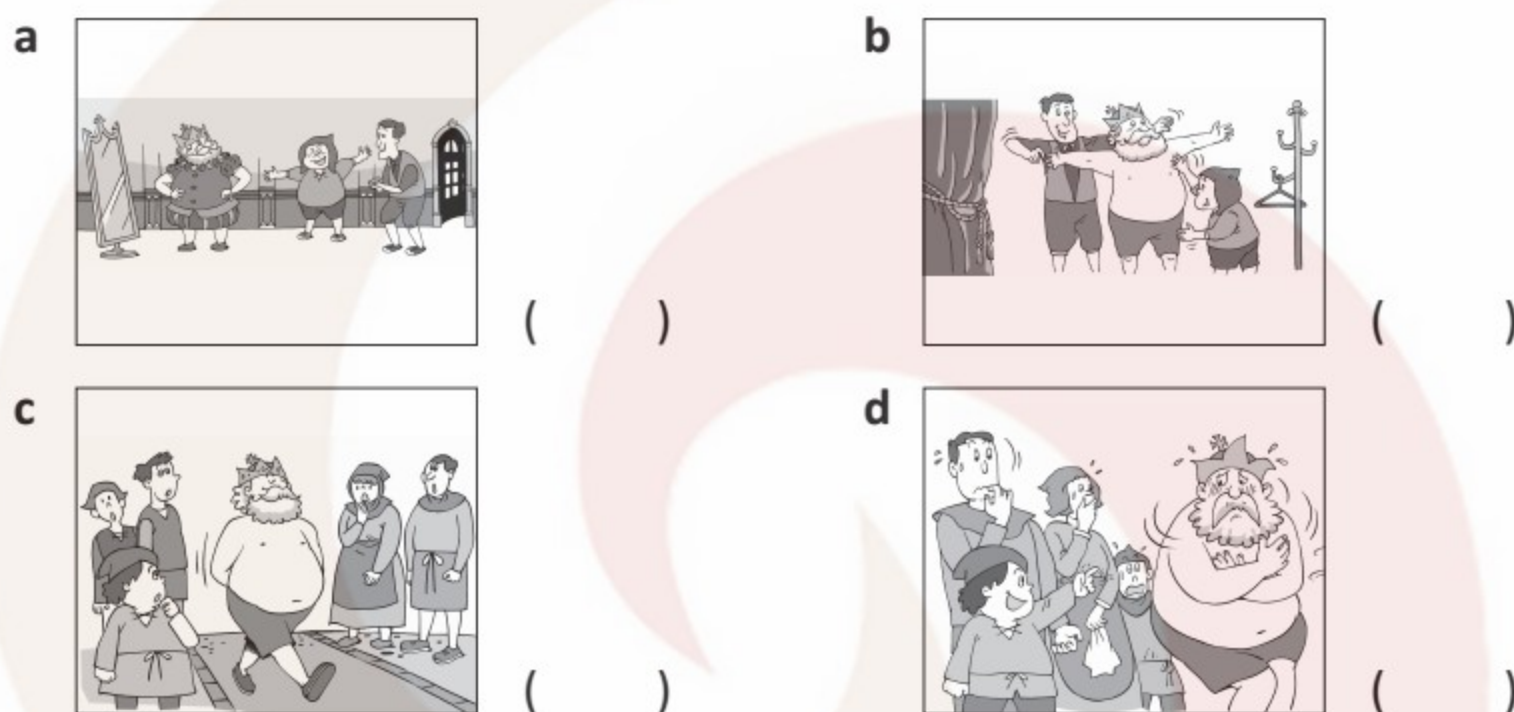1 美国牛仔（American cowboy）穿牛仔裤（jeans）；

2 苏格兰人（Scottish man）穿苏格兰裙（kilt）。

Period 1

A Say and act（根据提示，表演课文）

King: I like ... Who can make ... for me?

Man 1: My king, we can ... Clever people ... Foolish people ...

King: Make ... for me.

Man 2: My king, please try on ... Do they fit well?

King: Yes. They fit well.

People: Look at ... What ...!

Boy: Ha! Ha! The king isn't ...

B Listen and number（听录音，给下列图片标序号）

a   (   )

b   (   )

c   (   )

d   (   )

C Read and choose（选择填空）

(   ) 1 Long long ago, there _____ a prince in the forest.

    a is   **b** were   **c** was

(   ) 2 Mike _____ at the salad on the table. He wanted to eat it.

    a pointed   **b** points   **c** pointing

(   ) 3 Ben often _____ with his parents in the park after dinner.

    a walk   **b** walked   **c** walks

(   ) 4 My cousin _____ his pictures to _____ yesterday (昨天).

    a shows; us   **b** showed; me   **c** show; we

(   ) 5 Your dress is too small. Please _____ this one.

    a get on   **b** try on   **c** take off

D **Read and write**（选择合适的单词，补全短文）

| magic | foolish | king | clothes | clever | laughed | through |

The _____ liked new clothes. Two men made "_____ clothes" for him. _____ people could see them. _____ people could not see them. The king walked _____ the city. A little boy _____, "Ha! Ha! The king isn't wearing any _____."

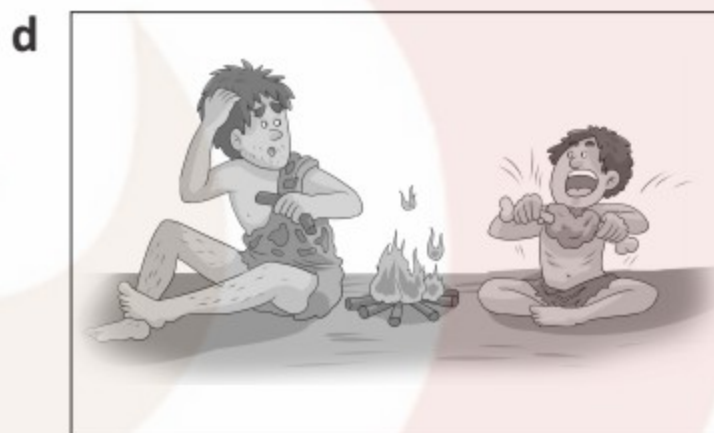**E** **Read and judge**（阅读短文，判断句子正误，用T或F表示）

a

Long long ago, the Stone Age (石器时代) family lived in caves. They used fire. The fire could make them warm and give them light.

b

The boy was hungry. There was some raw meat (生肉). The boy didn't like it, so he put his meat into fire.

c

The boy's father looked angry. He picked the meat up from the fire, and asked the boy to eat it.

d

The boy tasted the meat. He found it was very nice. After that, the Stone Age family always cooked their food on the fire.

(   ) 1 Long long ago, the Stone Age family lived in the forest.

(   ) 2 They could not use fire to make them warm.

(   ) 3 The boy put the meat into fire, because he didn't like the raw meat.

(   ) 4 The boy's father picked the meat up from the fire and tasted it.

(   ) 5 The cooked meat tasted very nice.

Period 2

A   Look and say（根据提示，描述图片）

visited

shouted

laughed

pointed

lived

Get out!

S: Long long ago, there were ...

They ... One day, a pig ...

Monkey King ...

All the monkeys ...

B   Listen and circle（听录音，圈出正确的图片）
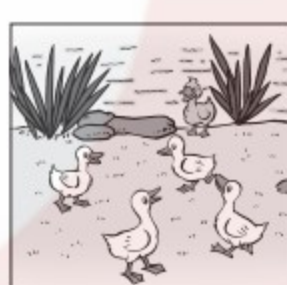
1 a   b   2 a   b

3 a   b   4 a   b

5 a   b   6 a   b

C   Read and write（选词填空）

1   Long long ago, there _____ (are/were) some animals on the farm.

2   One day, the children _____ (walking/walked) along the river.

3   Please don't _____ (shout/shouted) in the library.

4   Lily is _____ (looking/looked) at the kites in the sky.

5   Liu Tao and Wang Bing _____ (watches/watched) a film this afternoon.

D **Read and complete**（根据首字母提示，完成句子）

1 Let's go to the c_____ shop and buy a jacket for Dad.

2 I w_____ tired this morning because I had a dancing lesson.

3 The Greens v_____ their friends last（上一个）Spring Festival.

4 A: Why are the children l_____?

   B: Because the story is fun.

5 A: Who's w_____ yellow today?

   B: Su Yang and Nancy.

E **Read and transform**（根据要求改写句子）

1 There are some giraffes in the zoo. (用 two years ago 改写句子)

   There _____ some giraffes in the zoo _____ _____ _____.

2 The teacher is showing the children around the school. (改成一般过去时)

   The teacher _____ the children around the school.

3 Mary can make rice dumplings. (对画线部分提问)

   _____ can make rice dumplings?

4 They are beautiful clothes. (改为感叹句)

   _____!

5 Jim was angry. (改为一般疑问句)

   _____ _____ angry?

F **Read and write**（阅读短文，补全句子）

One morning, Dad and I walked in the street. There were a lot of people and cars. It was very noisy（吵闹）. There was an elephant in the middle of the street. It shouted at people, but no one could understand. It looked sad. The cars and buses could not get past.

A policeman tried to drive the elephant away with the help of some drivers, but it was too heavy. There were more（更多的）cars and buses in the street. They could only wait.

"What should we do?" asked the policeman.

"Give it a banana!" my father shouted.

Then, a girl showed some bananas in front of the elephant. It was happy. It got up and walked after the girl. Soon all the cars and buses could get past.
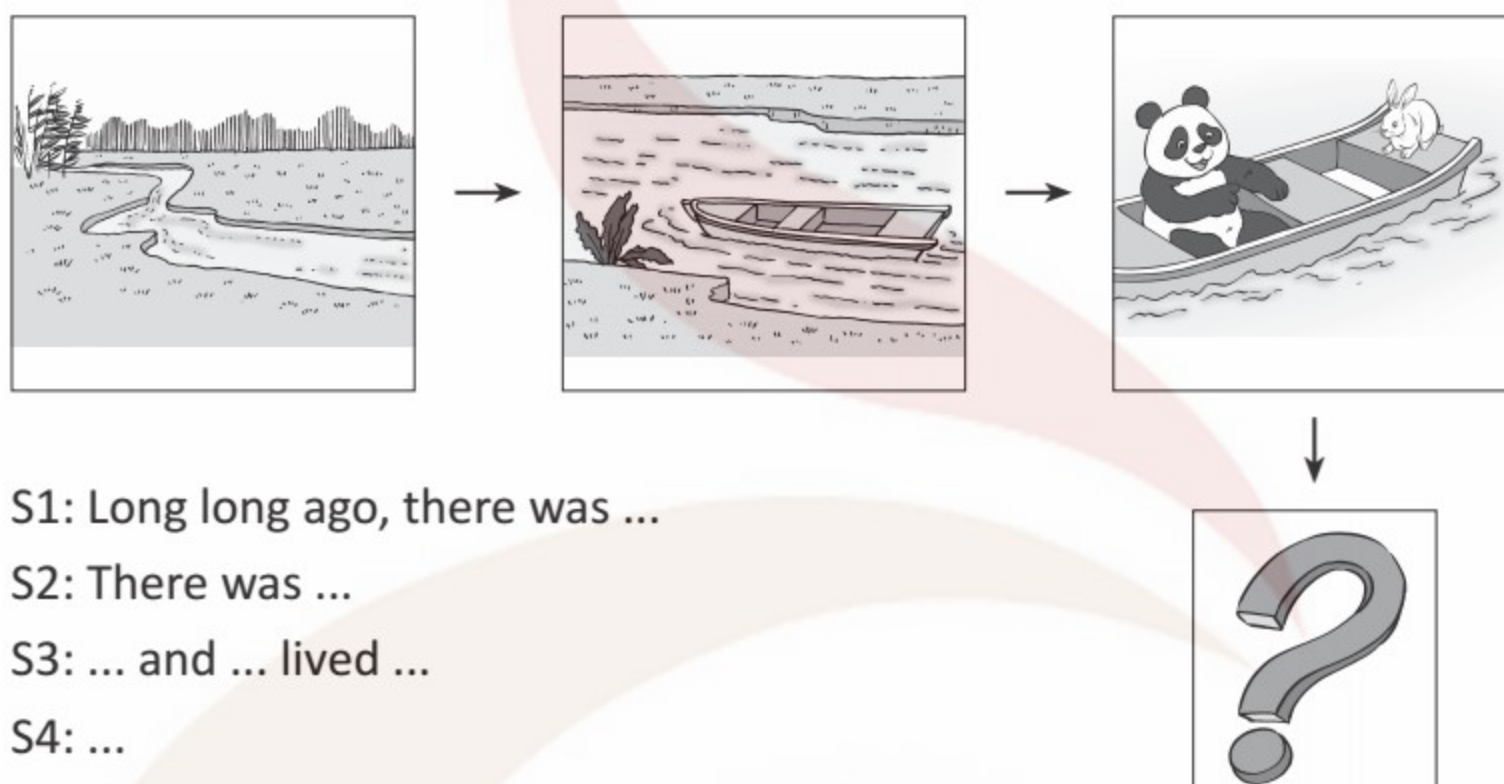
1 I _____ in the street with Dad one morning.

2 The cars and buses couldn't get past because there was an _____.

3 The elephant _____ at people, but no one could understand.

4 The policeman and some _____ tried to drive the elephant away.

5 The elephant was _____ because it could eat the bananas.

Period 3

A Look and say（看图，接龙编故事）

S1: Long long ago, there was ...

S2: There was ...

S3: ... and ... lived ...

S4: ...

B Listen and judge（听录音，判断句子正误）

1 The three pigs and the tiger lived in the forest.

2 There is a duck in the magic box.

3 Mike is cooking some meat for Su Hai.

4 The black jeans fit the boy very well.

5 Grandpa did a lot of housework this morning.

C Read and choose（选出与句中画线部分读音相同的单词）

(   ) 1 My father works very h<u>ar</u>d.

  a popul<u>ar</u>   **b** st<u>ar</u>t   **c** w<u>ar</u>m

(   ) 2 <u>Th</u>ere are some stickers in my school bag.

  a bir<u>th</u>day   **b** <u>th</u>ink   **c** bro<u>th</u>er

(   ) 3 Yesterday my sister skat<u>ed</u> on the ice.

  a jump<u>ed</u>   **b** play<u>ed</u>   **c** want<u>ed</u>

(   ) 4 Peter brush<u>ed</u> his teeth just now.

  a lik<u>ed</u>   **b** show<u>ed</u>   **c** mov<u>ed</u>

(   ) 5 I can draw a m<u>a</u>gic picture.

  a m<u>a</u>ke   **b** f<u>a</u>t   **c** t<u>a</u>ble

D Read and translate （根据所给中文，完成句子）

1 很久以前，史密斯先生的房子后面有许多树。

Long long ago, there _____ a lot of trees _____ Mr Smith's

_____ .

2 快点，亲爱的！轮到你了。

Be _____ , dear! It's your _____ .

3 咱们开始下一课吧。你能读一下这个故事吗，迈克？

Let's _____ the _____ lesson. Can you read the _____ ,

Mike?

4 莉莉的姑妈经常穿着一件蓝色的毛衣和黑色的长裤。

Lily's aunt often _____ a blue _____ and _____ trousers.

5 在圣诞夜，我们玩了很多游戏。我们笑得很厉害。

On Christmas Eve, we _____ many games. We _____ a lot.

E Read and choose （阅读短文，选择正确的答案）

One day, a poor old man was very hungry. He visited a farmer and asked for dinner. There were two guests (客人) in the farmer's house. There was a big chicken on the table. The farmer asked the old man to serve (分配) the chicken. The old man pointed at the head, "You're the host (主人) in this house. You can have the head." Then, he gave (给) the neck to the farmer's wife, "You're the hostess (女主人) . It's for you." Then, he gave the wings to their two sons, "You'll grow up and fly away from your parents." Finally, he looked at the other two men, "You have to go home. It's a long way. Please take the feet. Now the rest of the chicken is for me."

(   ) 1 It was time for _____ .

    a breakfast   **b** lunch   **c** dinner

(   ) 2 There were _____ people in the farmer's family.

    a four   **b** five   **c** six

(   ) 3 The old man gave the wings to _____ .

    a the farmer   **b** the guests   **c** the farmer's sons

(   ) 4 The old man gave the feet to the two guests because _____ .

    a they would fly away from their parents

    b they had to walk home

    c they liked eating chicken feet

(   ) 5 The old man gave himself _____ of the chicken.

    a the body   **b** the neck   **c** the head

Period 4

A Think and say（根据提示，讲述你自己创作的故事）

> Long long ago, there was …

> Long long ago, there were …

B Listen and judge（听短文，判断句子正误）

1 Peter was a teacher.

2 A poor boy visited Peter because he wanted some help.

3 Peter wasn't nice to the poor boy.

4 The boy turned a big tree into many presents.

5 The big tree was the first Christmas tree.

C Read and choose（选择填空）

(   ) 1 _____, I was in Shanghai.

    a Now   **b** Two days ago   **c** Sometimes

(   ) 2 Don't do that _____ thing. They are laughing at you.

    a clever   **b** wonderful   **c** foolish

(   ) 3 It is raining. We have to _____ our car again.

    a wash   **b** washes   **c** washed

(   ) 4 There is a big stone in front of my door. Can you _____ it _____ ?

    a move; off   **b** move; around   **c** move; away

(   ) 5 The boy often _____ his brown jacket to the library.

    a puts on   **b** wears   **c** tries on

(   ) 6 _____ is wearing a kilt.

    a The Chinese man   **b** The American cowboy   **c** The Scottish man

D **Read and choose**（完形填空）

It was a cool day. A monkey drove his car near the lake. There was a ____1____ under the tree. The tiger wanted to eat the monkey. The monkey was very ____2____. He drove his car into the lake. The monkey couldn't ____3____ and cried for help. A duck saw him and quickly ____4____ into the lake, but he couldn't catch the monkey. Finally, a dog ____5____ the duck and the monkey. The monkey thanked the duck and the dog.

(   ) 1   **a** duck   **b** tiger   **c** dog
(   ) 2   **a** happy   **b** angry   **c** afraid
(   ) 3   **a** run   **b** swim   **c** drive
(   ) 4   **a** jumped   **b** turned   **c** walked
(   ) 5   **a** helped   **b** watched   **c** asked

E **Look, read and write**（看图，选择合适的单词，补全故事）

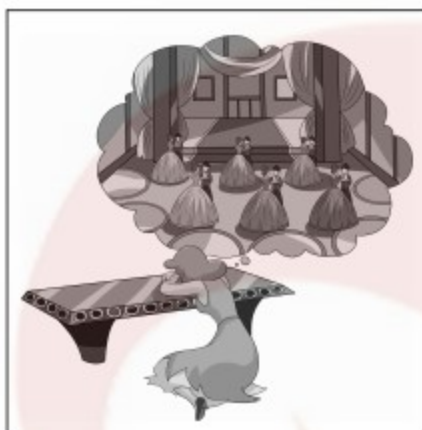| was	were	helped	tried	danced	cleaned	walked	couldn't

1

Long long ago, there _____ a girl. She _____ and washed every day.

2

One day, the girl was sad because she _____ go to the party.

3

A fairy _____ her. She told the girl to come back before twelve o'clock.

4

The prince _____ with the girl. They _____ very happy.

5

The girl _____ away from the party. There was a shoe left behind.

6

The girl _____ on the shoe. It fitted well.

Checkout for Unit 1

A   **Listen and circle**（听录音，圈出所听到的内容）

1	**a** tell	**b** bell	**c** well
2	**a** pear	**b** wearing	**c** bears
3	**a** foolish	**b** football	**c** food
4	**a** colour	**b** clean	**c** clever
5	**a** pick up	**b** get up	**c** stand up
6	**a** turn ... on	**b** turn ... off	**c** turn ... into

B   **Listen and choose**（听录音，选出正确的答句）

(   ) 1   **a** Yes, I am.　　　　　**b** Yes, I do.
　　　　c Yes, I can.

(   ) 2   **a** No, he doesn't.　　　**b** No, she doesn't.
　　　　c No, they don't.

(   ) 3   **a** He's wearing new clothes.　　**b** He likes wearing new clothes.
　　　　c He can wear new clothes.

(   ) 4   **a** I'm tired.　　　　　**b** By car.
　　　　c I'm fine.

(   ) 5   **a** On the third of March.　　**b** At the Spring Festival.
　　　　c In the morning.

C   **Listen and judge**（听录音，判断句子正误，用T或F表示）

(   ) 1   They want to buy some food for the Spring Festival.
(   ) 2   Chinese is the new subject.
(   ) 3   Lucy wants to go boating on Sunday.
(   ) 4   Tom should take some medicine and eat some fruit.
(   ) 5   Jane's mother is making cakes in the kitchen.

D   **Listen and write**（听录音，补全句子或对话）

1   Long long ago, there was a _____ in the forest. He was the _____ of the forest.

2   This morning, I _____ my _____.

3   A: Are there any _____ in the _____?
　　B: No, there aren't. There are some _____.

11

4   A: When's your birthday?

B: It's on the _____ of _____ .

A: What do you do on your birthday?

B: I usually have a _____ .

E   Read and complete（根据首字母提示，完成句子）

1   Lily is a c_____ girl. She always gives the teacher quick answers.

2   This is a m_____ garden. The flowers can turn into (变成) beautiful fairies at night.

3   A: Who's the n_____ one to sing?

B: It's my turn.

4   Children usually w_____ new clothes during the Spring Festival.

5   The men could make magic clothes. The king was h_____ .

F   Read and complete（用所给词的正确形式填空）

1   Many years ago, there _____ (be) some old houses in front of the hospital. But they _____ (not be) there now. There _____ (be) a large supermarket.

2   This morning, I _____ (be) late for school because I _____ (walk) to school.

3   I _____ (like) English very much. I _____ (read) my English book every morning.

4   Don't _____ (shout) in the library. The people are reading.

5   Look! The tall girl _____ (show) some stickers to her friend.

6   Peter's grandparents _____ on the farm before. Now they _____ in the city. (live)

G   Read and choose（选择填空）

(   ) 1   Ten years ago, I _____ fat. But now I _____ thin.

a am; was   **b** was; was   **c** was; am

(   ) 2   A: Where _____ you two days ago?

B: I _____ in Beijing.

a was; was   **b** was; were   **c** were; was

(   ) 3   The two men wanted to make new clothes _____ the king.

a to   **b** for   **c** with

(   ) 4   The king walked through the city _____ his new clothes.

a wear   **b** put on   **c** in

(   ) 5   I got a card _____ my good friend Mark.

           a from   **b** to   **c** with

(   ) 6   The old man Yu Gong _____ behind two mountains.

           a live   **b** living   **c** lived

(   ) 7   People shouted at the king, "_____ beautiful clothes!"

           a How   **b** What   **c** What a

(   ) 8   A boy laughed, "Ha! Ha! The king isn't wearing _____ clothes!"

           a a   **b** some   **c** any

(   ) 9   The king was nice _____ the boy because he was honest (诚实的).

           a to   **b** on   **c** in

(   ) 10   Yu Gong and his family worked all day. They were _____ but happy.

           a foolish   **b** tired   **c** angry

H   Read and translate（根据所给中文，完成句子）

1   The king liked _____ (穿新衣服).

2   Helen looks so nice _____ (穿着白色连衣裙).

3   We shouldn't _____ (嘲笑) the disabled.

4   Foolish people always think they are _____ (聪明的).

5   Mrs Brown often _____ (讲故事) to her children.

6   Look! Mike _____ (苦思冥想).

7   Please _____ (说一个句子).

8   The little boy _____ (指着) the king and laughed.

I   Read and write（选择合适的短语，并用其正确形式填空）

try ... on	take off	have to	look for
move ... away	wait for	shout at	look at

1   Look! The children _____ the bus at the bus stop.

2   It's hot today. _____ your coat, please.

3   Please _____ your car _____. There is no parking here.

4   The mother pig ran up to the wolf, and _____ it, "Go away!"

5   These clothes are beautiful. Please _____ them _____.

6   The king _____ his new clothes. He liked them very much.

7   A: What are you doing?

     B: I _____ my gloves. I can't find them.

8   It's Sunday today. I don't _____ get up early.

J **Look, read and write**（看图，补全故事）

1 Long long ago, there was a clever boy. His name was Ma Liang. He was _____ at painting. He had a _____ paintbrush（画笔）.

2 He painted a pie. The pie became real（变成真的）. He painted a horse. The horse became real too. He often _____ poor people（穷人）. And they _____ him.

3 One day, a rich man _____ Ma Liang. The man said, "I want to have a lot of gold（金子）. Please paint this _____ me." But Ma Liang didn't do that.

4 The man stole（偷）Ma Liang's brush. He painted a lot of gold ingots（金元宝）for himself. But they didn't _____ real. The gold ingots became a lot of snakes. The man was _____.

K **Read and complete**（阅读短文，根据首字母提示填空）

The Frog（青蛙）Prince

Long long ago, there w_____ a princess. She had a golden ball. She liked the ball very much. She always played with it.

One day the princess played with the ball by the river. The ball rolled into（滚进）the river. The princess was very s_____. She cried and cried. Then, a frog came out from the river and asked, "W_____ are you sad?"

"My ball is in the r_____," said the princess.

"I can h_____ you, but you need to kiss（亲吻）me."

The princess thought for a while, and then said, "OK."

The frog jumped into the river. Soon he came out with the b_____. The princess was very h_____. She kissed the frog.

L   Read and judge（阅读短文，判断句子正误，用T或F表示）

Baby Rabbit and the Wolf

Mummy Rabbit and Baby Rabbit lived in the forest. There was a wolf in the forest too. One day, Mummy Rabbit wanted to pick some mushrooms (蘑菇).

"Stay at home. Close the door and the window. Don't let the wolf come in," said Mummy Rabbit.

"OK, Mum," said Baby Rabbit.

At lunch time, the wolf came. He was very hungry. He knocked at the door.

"I'm your mummy, my lovely baby. Open the door for me," the wolf shouted.

Baby Rabbit looked out of the window. He saw the big wolf.

"The door is open. Show me your tail, please," said Baby Rabbit.

The wolf was happy. He showed Baby Rabbit his tail. Just then, Baby Rabbit quickly closed the door on the wolf's tail. "Ouch!" the wolf cried out and ran away.

Mummy Rabbit came back home. Baby Rabbit told her the story. Mummy Rabbit was very happy. She gave Baby Rabbit a big mushroom.

(   ) 1   Baby Rabbit lived in the forest with his parents.
(   ) 2   The wolf wanted to eat Baby Rabbit.
(   ) 3   Baby Rabbit let the wolf come in.
(   ) 4   The wolf ran away because his tail hurt very much.
(   ) 5   Baby Rabbit was clever.

M   Think and write（根据提示，编写故事，词数不少于30）

单词或短语提示：long long ago, house, forest, garden

_____

_____

_____

_____

Unit 2
What a day!

重点单词

show 展示，展览	interesting 有趣的，有意思的	
weather 天气	high 在高处	honey 蜂蜜
ant 蚂蚁	bee 蜜蜂	cloud 云
rain 下雨	lose 丢失	know 知道
sunny 晴朗的	become 变成，变为	windy 有风的
cloudy 多云的	sky 天空	bring 带来
drink 饮料	rainy 多雨的	meet 遇见

重点词组

climb up 往上爬	hold onto 抓紧
fly away 飞走	a parrot show 一场鹦鹉表演
fly kites high 风筝放得很高	black clouds 乌云
want to know why 想要知道为什么	hungry and wet 又饿（浑身）又湿
become windy and cloudy 变得有风且多云	

重点句子

1　What a day! 多么糟糕的一天！
2　It was sunny in the morning. （那天）早上天气很晴朗。
3　I went to the park by bike. 我骑车去了公园。
4　We saw some interesting parrots. 我们看见了一些有趣的鹦鹉。
5　The weather became windy and cloudy. 天气变得有风且多云。
6　We flew kites high in the sky. 我们将风筝放飞在高空中。
7　We brought some *jiaozi*, some bread and honey and some drinks. 我们带了一些饺子、一些面包、蜂蜜和一些饮料。
8　We saw some ants on the bread and honey. 我们看见面包和蜂蜜上有一些蚂蚁。
9　What happened then? 然后发生了什么事？
10　I lost my new kite. 我丢失了我的新风筝。
11　We couldn't hold onto it. 我们抓不住它了。
12　I found it near the hill. 我在小山附近找到了它。

Unit 2　单元知识梳理

语法点拨

1　一般过去时的用法（续）：

（1）行为动词过去式的不规则变化：

become → became	bring → brought	eat → ate
can → could	fly → flew	hold → held
go → went	see → saw	know → knew
take → took	tell → told	wear → wore
lose → lost	find → found	say → said
get → got	have/has → had	think → thought
do/does → did	meet → met	give → gave

（2）一般过去时的否定形式：

行为动词前加 did not 或缩写形式 didn't，行为动词用原形；be 动词（was/were）后直接加 not，缩写形式为 wasn't 和 weren't；情态动词 could 后直接加 not，缩写形式为 couldn't。如：

I didn't see an interesting parrot show yesterday. 昨天我没有看到一场有趣的鹦鹉展。

It wasn't sunny in the morning. 早上天气并不晴朗。

We couldn't hold onto it. 我们抓不住它了。

2　表示天气的形容词由对应的名词加 y 变化而来。如：

cloud → cloudy　　　　　wind → windy　　　　　rain → rainy

3　英文日记注意要点：

（1）星期、日期写在页面的左上角，天气写在右上角；

（2）日期格式用"月日年"（美式）或"日月年"（英式），月份可缩写；

（3）星期放在日期前面或者后面，可省略。

4　become 为系动词，后面加形容词，已学的系动词还有 be、look、get 等；

认识语音

1　字母组合 ear 在单词中读音为 /ɪə/ 的常见例词有 dear、hear、year、near、ear；

2　字母组合 ear 的其他读音例词有 learn、bear、pear、wear。

话题表达

运用一般过去时写日记：

1　日记格式正确、规范；

2　按时间、地点、人物或事情发展顺序写；

3　描述天气时，常用句型如：It was sunny/windy/...；

4　描述事情时，常用句型如：主语 + 动词过去式 + ...。

文化之窗

关于中国的饺子（Jiaozi）文化，你了解多少呢？

　　饺子是一种历史悠久的民间吃食，但是饺子最初的作用并非食用，而是药用。东汉时期"医圣"张仲景首创"祛寒娇耳汤"的故事说的就是饺子的雏形。到了三国时期，饺子才发展成为一种食物。在后面近 2 000 年的历史中，饺子的形式不断演变，但人们对饺子的喜爱却始终没有改变。饺子取"更岁交子"之意，"子"为"子时"，"交"与"饺"谐音，有"喜庆团圆"和"吉祥如意"的意思，这也是中国人为什么如此喜欢吃饺子的原因，他们吃的是一种文化，更是一种情怀。
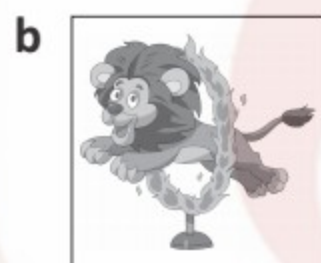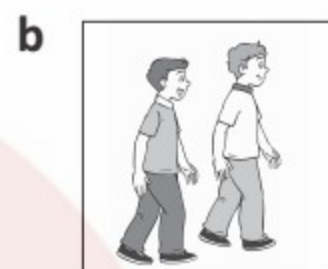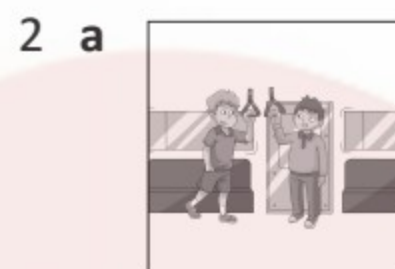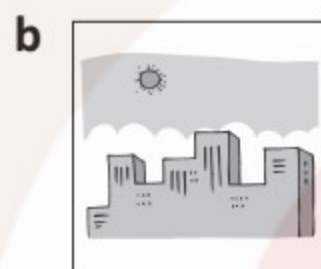
Period 1

A **Think and say**（根据课文，描述图片）

a
b
c
d

e
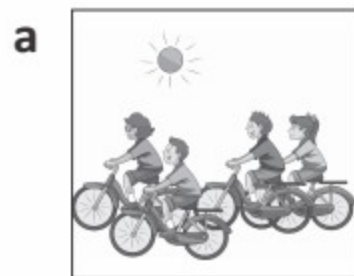
S: It was Sunday. It was ... (weather)

Yang Ling and her friends ... There was/were ...

They flew/brought/saw ...

B **Listen and circle**（听录音，圈出正确的图片）

1 a   b   2 a   b

3 a   b   4 a   b

5 a   b   6 a   b
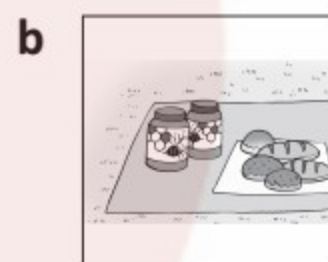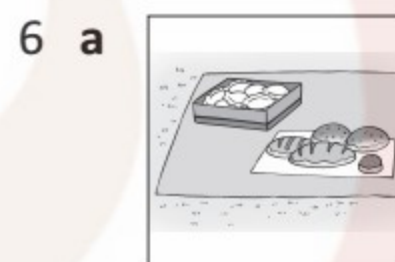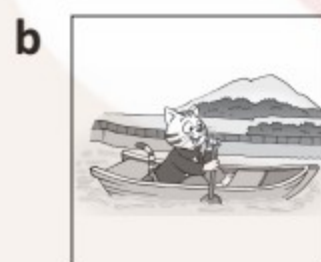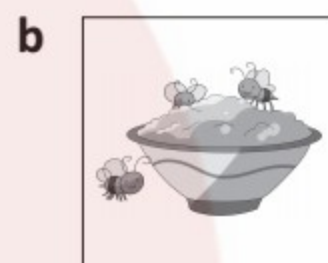
C **Read and choose**（根据课文内容，选择句子完成对话）

a What a day!	b They like your honey, I think.
c I went to the park with my friends.	d Then it rained.
e The weather was fine in the morning.	

Alice: Hi, Yang Ling. I visited you last Sunday, but you weren't at home.

Yang Ling: Oh, _____

Alice: What did you do?

Yang Ling: _____ We saw a parrot show and flew kites, but we could not

eat our lunch.

Alice: Why?

Yang Ling: Because there were some bees and ants on the bread and honey.

Alice: _____ What about the afternoon?

Yang Ling: In the afternoon, it was cloudy. _____ We were hungry and wet.

Alice: _____

D   Read and complete（根据首字母提示，补全句子）

1   The cinema was not far. The children went there by b_____.

2   The little girl s_____ her lovely dolls to the teacher yesterday.

3   It's w_____ today. Put on your coat, please.

4   Yao Ming worked hard. He b_____ a very good basketball player in the NBA.

5   They are very thirsty. They would like some d_____.

E   Read and write（选择合适的词，补全短文）

was	saw	gave	cooked	were
interesting	ran	Wednesday	brought	birthday

_____, 27th February

Yesterday _____ my twelfth birthday. There was a party. My parents were busy all day. They bought some snacks, then they _____ some fish, chicken, beef (牛肉) and vegetables. My cousin _____ some fruit and drinks to my party. There was a nice _____ cake on the table. Everything was ready. At eleven o'clock, I looked out of the window and _____ my friends. I _____ to meet them at the door. My friends said "Happy Birthday" to me. They _____ me many presents. After lunch, we played a lot of _____ games in the garden. We _____ very happy.
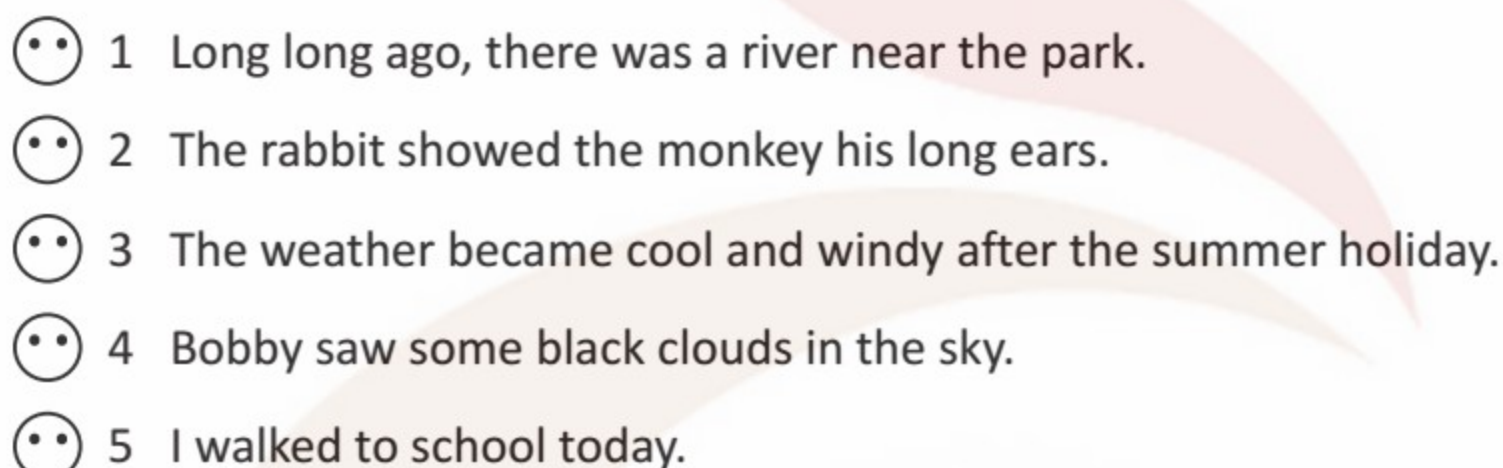
Period 2

A **Think and say**（根据提示，说一说昨天的天气和你一天的活动）

S: It was ... yesterday. In the morning, I ...

In the afternoon, I ...   In the evening, I ...

B **Listen and judge**（听录音，判断句子正误）

1 Long long ago, there was a river near the park.

2 The rabbit showed the monkey his long ears.

3 The weather became cool and windy after the summer holiday.

4 Bobby saw some black clouds in the sky.

5 I walked to school today.

C **Read and choose**（选词填空）

1 The boy _____ (can/could) not find his mother yesterday morning.

2 Mike _____ (tells/told) Tim a funny story just now (刚才).

3 Look at the plane. It's _____ (flying/flew) so high.

4 The lion was angry because the old man _____ (picks/picked) some flowers in his garden.

5 Lily often _____ (watches/watched) films in the evening. This evening she _____ (go/went) shopping with her mother.

D **Read and choose**（选择填空）

(   ) 1 I like Science. It is _____ interesting subject.

    a a   **b** an   **c** the

(   ) 2 It _____ all day. We couldn't play football in the playground.

    a rain   **b** rainy   **c** rained

(   ) 3 I don't like winter because the weather is _____.

    a hot and sunny   **b** cool and cloudy   **c** cold and windy

(   ) 4 I feel thirsty. Do you have any _____?

    a food   **b** drinks   **c** clothes

(   ) 5 Miss Sun _____ some fruit for breakfast this morning.

    a bring   **b** bringing   **c** brought

(   ) 6 A _____ works on flowers and makes honey.

      a bee   **b** ant   **c** ladybird

E   Read and match（阅读周记，将相关的图片连线）

Monday, 30th September

I had a wonderful week.

On Monday, it was sunny. I had a picnic with my friends near the mountains.

On Tuesday, it was windy. I flew a kite with my little brother in the park.

On Wednesday, it was sunny. I went to Shanghai and visited my uncle.

It was cloudy on Thursday. My uncle showed me around his factory.

On Friday, it was windy. We walked along the Bund (外滩). It was a beautiful place !

I came back to Nanjing by train on Saturday. It was a rainy day. I helped my mother with the housework. I told my brother stories about Shanghai.

It rained on Sunday too. I stayed at home all day. I got myself ready for school.

1	MON
2	THU
3	FRI
4	SAT

Period 3

A Look and say（看图，补全对话）

1

You look ... What's the matter?

I lost my ...

2

What happened, Nancy?

This morning, I saw ... It was windy. My cap ...

3

Then, a parrot picked it up ...

4

Is this your ...?

I found it ...

Yes. Why do you have it?

B Listen and write（听录音，补全对话）

A: Hi, Su Hai and Su Yang. Let's _____ a game.

B&C: Great!

A: Su Hai, you _____. Pick _____ cards and make sentences.

B: Look! It was _____. I _____ with my friends in the park.

A: Good. It's your _____ now, Su Yang.

C: Look at my cards. It was _____. I _____ food in the cinema.

A&B: Ha! Ha!

C Read and complete（用所给词的适当形式填空）

1 It's a _____ (sun) day. Let's go and have a picnic.

2 Long long ago, there _____ (be) many houses on the hill.

3 A: Alice, where _____ (be) your doll?

   B: I _____ (give) it to Mary this morning.

4 Last Christmas Eve, I _____ (go) to a party with my family.

5 Mrs Green usually _____ (meet) her students in the library.

D **Read and transform**（根据要求改写句子）

1 It was warm last night. (改为否定句)

It _____ warm last night.

2 The girl often loses her pencils. (用 this Wednesday 改写)

The girl _____ her pencils this Wednesday.

3 The cat climbed up the tree. (用 now 改写)

The cat _____ _____ up the tree now.

4 There was a moon cake in the box. (改为复数句)

There _____ _____ moon _____ in the box.

5 I could catch the ball. (改为否定句)

I _____ catch the ball.

E **Read and judge**（判断句中单词画线部分读音是否相同）

⌢ 1 Can you h<u>ear</u> the New Y<u>ear</u> song, Ben?

⌢ 2 My toy b<u>ear</u> often w<u>ear</u>s a blue skirt.

⌢ 3 Let's l<u>ear</u>n some new words, d<u>ear</u>.

⌢ 4 There was a p<u>ear</u> tree n<u>ear</u> the lake.

F **Read and choose**（完形填空）

William's grandparents live on a farm. Last summer they made a little house ____1____ the tree. William played in his tree house every day.

One day William found lots of grass and twigs (细枝) in the tree house, so he had to clean the floor. Suddenly he saw five small eggs. He ____2____ from the tree and ran to his grandpa. "Come and see," he shouted. Grandpa went to see the ____3____. "Can I take them back home?" asked William. "No," Grandpa said. "Let's ____4____ the mother bird."

Three days later William climbed up the tree again. He looked into the house. Wow! There were five ____5____ birds. How cute they were!

( ) 1 **a** on **b** in **c** under

( ) 2 **a** climbed up **b** climbed down **c** climbed out

( ) 3 **a** eggs **b** houses **c** leaves

( ) 4 **a** play with **b** drive away **c** wait for

( ) 5 **a** mother **b** father **c** baby

Period 4

A Think and say（根据提示，说一说你上一周的活动）

S: On Monday, it was ... I was ...
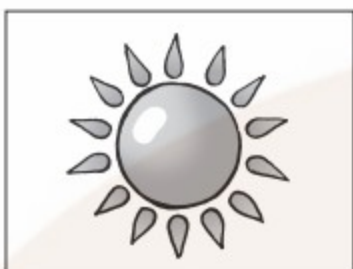
　　On Tuesday, it was ... I ...

　　...

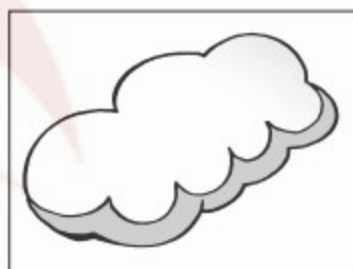## B Listen and choose（听录音，选择正确的图片）

(　　) 1 The weather was _____.
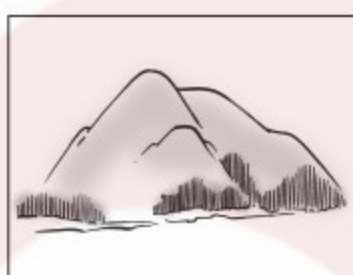
　　a　　　　　　　　b　　　　　　　　c

(　　) 2 The bear played in the _____.
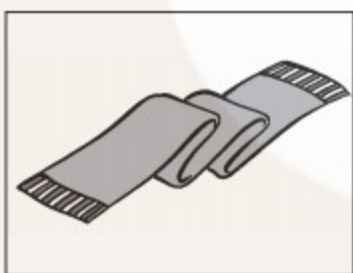
　　a　　　　　　　　b　　　　　　　　c

(　　) 3 The bear's _____ flew away.
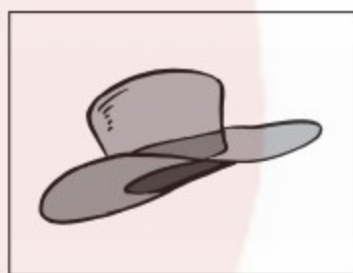
　　a　　　　　　　　b　　　　　　　　c

(　　) 4 The bear was very _____ because he ran after the hat.
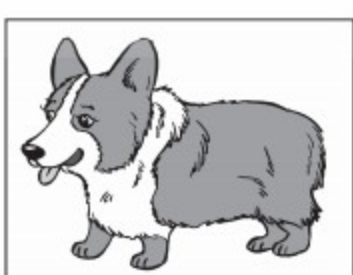
　　a　　　　　　　　b　　　　　　　　c

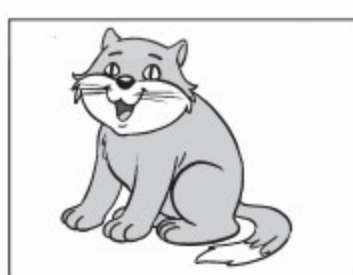(　　) 5 The hat could run because there was a _____ under it.

　　a　　　　　　　　b　　　　　　　　c

C **Read and order**（将下列句子排序成一段通顺的对话）

a What happened?

b Oh, that's too bad!

c He put my book in the water.

d My book is wet and broken (破损的).

e What happened then?

f You look angry, Bobby. What's the matter?

g This afternoon my cousin took my book away.

f → ☐ → ☐ → ☐ → ☐ → ☐ → ☐

D **Read and complete**（根据首字母提示，完成短文）

It was Children's Day last Friday. Tom h_____ a good time. He g_____ up early in the morning. There w_____ a party at school. Tom p_____ lots of games with his classmates. After lunch, Tom w_____ to the park with some friends. They b_____ some drinks. In the park, they f_____ some ladybirds, ants and bees. They w_____ very happy. At about four o'clock, the weather became r_____, so they had to g_____ home quickly.

E **Look, think and write**（看图，帮助杨玲完成日记）

提示：*What did Yang Ling do with her family last Saturday?*

_____, 16th March

I had a good time with my family last Saturday.

In the morning, _____

_____

_____

In the afternoon, _____

_____

_____

In the evening, _____

_____

_____

Morning:

Afternoon:

Evening:

Checkout for Unit 2

A **Listen and circle**（听录音，圈出所听到的内容）

1 **a** train   **b** rain   **c** rainy
2 **a** show   **b** know   **c** grow
3 **a** before   **b** between   **c** become
4 **a** together   **b** weather   **c** either
5 **a** went swimming **b** flew kites   **c** played football

B **Listen and number**（听录音，给下列图片标序号）

a   b   c   d

(   )   (   )   (   )   (   )

C **Listen and judge**（听录音，判断句子正误，用T或F表示）

(   ) 1 It was sunny last weekend.
(   ) 2 Jim washed his clothes on Saturday morning.
(   ) 3 On Sunday Jim visited his grandparents and cooked lunch for them.
(   ) 4 On Saturday afternoon Jim saw a film with his friends.
(   ) 5 Jim played football in the park.

D **Listen and write**（听录音，补全对话）

It's a quarter past eight. It's time for an English lesson. Miss Li and her students are talking.

Miss Li: What do you do _____ _____?

Helen: I usually go to the _____. I love _____. Sometimes I go _____ with my mother.

Miss Li: What did you do _____ _____?

Helen: I went to the _____ with my family. There were a lot of _____ there. And I _____ my bag.

Miss Li: What a pity!

Helen: Finally, a young man _____ me _____ it.

E   Read and complete（根据首字母提示，完成句子）

1 It was a r_____ day. She took an umbrella with her.

2 The film is i_____. I want to w_____ it again.

3 It's s_____ and w_____. Helen and Tim are f_____ a kite
    in the park.

4 The boy c_____ up the tree. He wanted to catch the bird.

5 In spring, there are a lot of b_____ around the flowers.

6 Last Saturday, we had a p_____ in the park. We brought some fruit and
    d_____.

F   Read and complete（用所给动词的适当形式填空）

1 Anna _____ (not like) rainy days. She can't go out to play.

2 The weather _____ (become) windy. We could _____ (fly) kites.

3 Mike _____ (come) to school by taxi this morning. He _____ (get)
    up late.

4 It was sunny. Children _____ (bring) their lunch to the park.

5 The bird _____ (fly) away. The boy was sad.

6 A: Listen. Who _____ in the music room?

    B: It's Lily. She _____ there every morning. She likes _____. (sing)

G   Read and choose（选择填空）

(   ) 1 It was windy. We _____ kites.

               a can fly   b could fly   c are flying

(   ) 2 Liu Tao was ill. He _____ some medicine.

               a takes   b take   c took

(   ) 3 A: _____ are you going to the hospital?

               B: I have a bad cough.

               a Why   b What   c When

(   ) 4 Don't laugh _____ the old man. He was ill and hungry.

               a with   b in   c at

(   ) 5 We usually eat _____ at the Dragon Boat Festival.

               a turkey   b rice dumplings   c moon cakes

(   ) 6 I _____ many flowers in the park yesterday. They were very
               beautiful.

               a see   b sees   c saw

(   ) 7 _____ the kite. Don't let it fly away.

               a Hold onto   b Try on   c Get on

(　　) 8　It was _____. Children could go swimming.

　　a windy and cold　　　**b** rainy and cool　　　**c** sunny and hot

(　　) 9　A: Jack, you look cool in the red T-shirt!

　　B: _____

　　a No, I'm not cool.　　**b** Yes, I am.　　　　　**c** Thank you.

(　　) 10　A: Would you like _____ mango juice?

　　B: No, thanks. There's _____ juice in my glass.

　　a some; some　　　**b** any; some　　　　**c** some; any

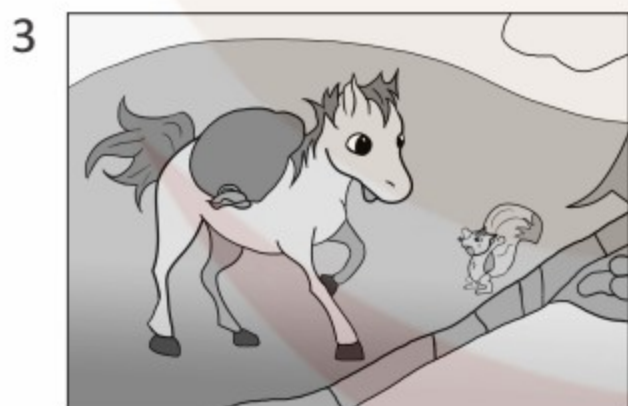**H**　**Look, read and write**（看图，选择合适的单词，补全短文）

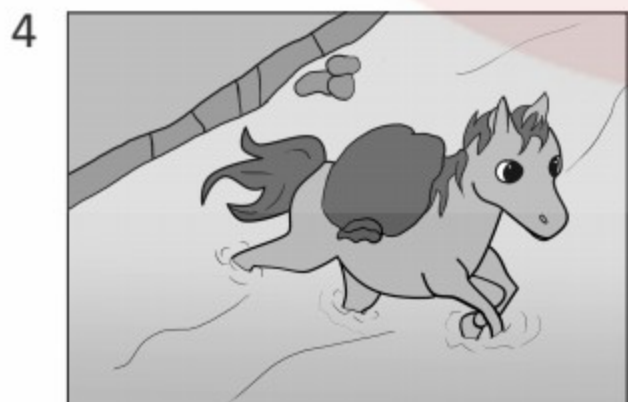| right	can	came	afraid	try
can't	river	is	not	or
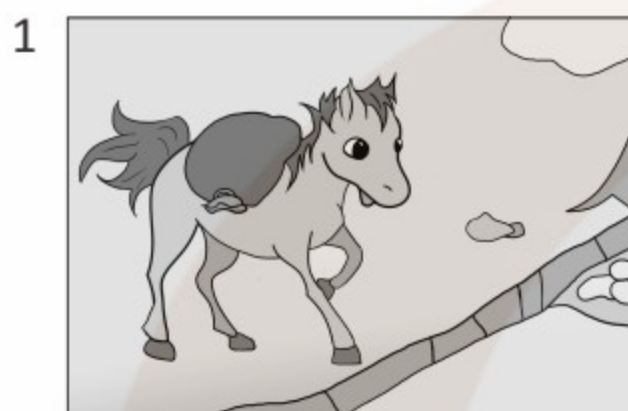
1　A little horse went to a mill (磨坊) with a bag of rice. There was a _____ in front of him. He had to cross (横渡) it. He was _____.
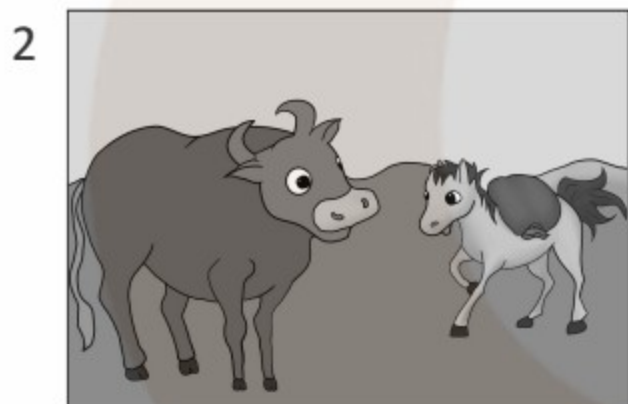
2　An ox said, "The river _____ very shallow (浅的). You _____ cross it. It's easy."

3　A squirrel _____ and said, "The river is very deep (深的). You _____ cross it."

4　"Is the river shallow _____ deep?" The little horse wanted to _____ by himself (他自己). He carefully stepped (踏) into the river. The river was _____ very shallow, but it was not very deep either. It was just _____ for him.
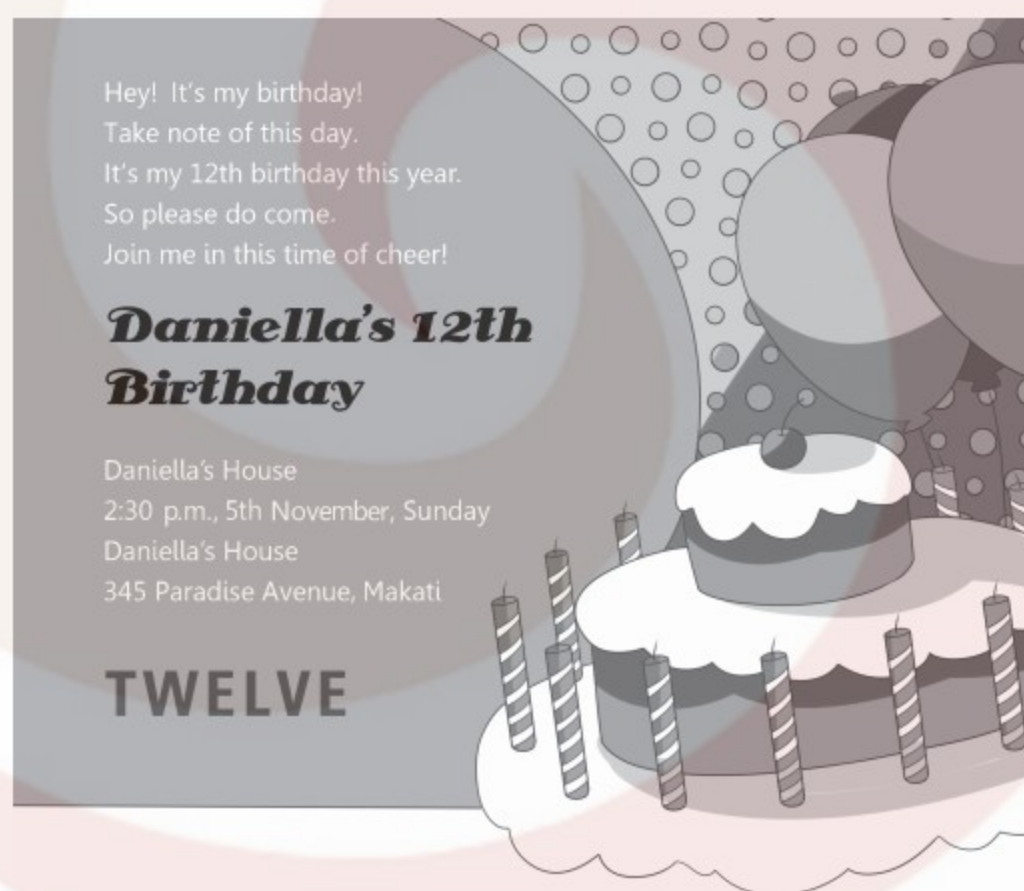
I   Read and choose（完形填空）

I often have happy weekends, but I ____1____ sad last weekend. I ____2____ go to any interesting places ____3____ my grandma was ill. My parents and I ____4____ her to the hospital. She had a bad cold ____5____ a high fever. She ____6____ stay in the hospital for several days. My uncle and aunt came to see her. They ____7____ some fruit, porridge and *jiaozi*. We all ____8____ about her.

(   ) 1   **a** am   **b** was   **c** were

(   ) 2   **a** don't   **b** wasn't   **c** didn't

(   ) 3   **a** and   **b** but   **c** because

(   ) 4   **a** took   **b** take   **c** takes

(   ) 5   **a** or   **b** and   **c** but

(   ) 6   **a** should   **b** shouldn't   **c** couldn't

(   ) 7   **a** brought   **b** took   **c** got

(   ) 8   **a** thought   **b** worried   **c** talked

J   Read and answer（根据请柬，回答问题）

Last Sunday, Jenny went to a birthday party. Here is the invitation card（请柬）. Please read it and answer the following questions.

Hey! It's my birthday!
Take note of this day.
It's my 12th birthday this year.
So please do come.
Join me in this time of cheer!

Daniella's 12th Birthday

Daniella's House
2:30 p.m., 5th November, Sunday
Daniella's House
345 Paradise Avenue, Makati

TWELVE

1   Whose birthday is it? _____

2   How old is she? _____

3   When's her birthday? _____

4   What time does the party start? _____

5   Where is the party? _____

K　**Read and choose**（阅读短文，选择正确的答案）

<div align="center">The ant and the grasshopper (蚱蜢)</div>

It was summer. It was very hot. The ant worked hard. He carried (搬运) food home. He was hot and tired. The grasshopper laughed at him, "You're so foolish. The weather is so hot. Why don't you have a rest? Look at me. I'm singing and playing all day. I'm very happy."

Winter came. It was windy and cold. The ant stayed at home. His home was warm and comfortable. He had a lot of food. The grasshopper was cold and hungry. He did not have any food at home.

Spring came. It was warm again. The ant came out. He did not see the grasshopper. He had died (死) in winter.

(　　) 1　In summer, the ant _____.

　　a sang and played　　　**b** worked hard　　　**c** stayed at home

(　　) 2　The grasshopper thought the ant was _____.

　　a foolish　　　　　　**b** clever　　　　　　**c** happy

(　　) 3　In winter, the ant _____.

　　a stayed at home　　　**b** carried food　　　**c** was hungry

(　　) 4　The grasshopper _____ in winter.

　　a had lots of food　　　**b** sang and danced　　　**c** did not have any food

(　　) 5　The grasshopper was _____.

　　a clever　　　　　　**b** happy　　　　　　**c** lazy

L　**Think and write**（根据提示，写一篇周末日记，词数不少于30）

短语提示：windy and sunny, got up late, did my homework, had a picnic,
　　　　　went to the cinema, had a good time

Sunday, _____

_____

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